

Fact Sheet Regulatory Flood Response in New Hampshire July 2023

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The following information is intended to aid in determining what may/may not require a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) following the recent storm damage in New Hampshire. We strongly advise the public to contact us with any questions regarding permitting:

- Richard Kristoff at Richard.C.Kristoff@usace.army.mil or (978) 318-8171
- Michael Hicks at Michael.C.Hicks@usace.army.mil or (978) 318-8157
- Lindsey Lefebvre at Lindsey.E.Lefebvre@usace.army.mil or (978) 318-8295
- Christopher Marron at Christopher.R.Marron@usace.army.mil or (978) 318-8977
- General email box: cenae-r-nh@usace.army.mil

At this time, we do not have special permit processing procedures applicable to this event, however we do have long standing emergency procedures outlined at 33 CFR 325.2(e)(4) and under the New Hampshire General Permits (GPs). The GPs are available at https://www.nae.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/State-General-Permits/New-Hampshire-General-Permit.

The following apply for work in waters of the U.S. (WOTUS), which include, but are not limited to, lakes/ponds, rivers, streams, intermittent streams, natural drainage courses, ocean, and wetlands:

- Permits are required for work or structures in or over navigable waters pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. Navigable waters are defined as those waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used or have been used in the past or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce (33 CFR 329.4). The following waters have been determined to be Navigable Waters of the United States in New Hampshire: 1) all waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide, 2) the Merrimack River (from the Massachusetts/NH state line to Concord, NH), 3) Lake Umbagog, and 4) the Connecticut River to Pittsburg, NH. However, work limited to in-kind repair/replacement may be authorized as a maintenance activity under New Hampshire General Permit #2.
- The discharge of fill material into waters of the U.S. requires a permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA), unless otherwise exempt. Many activities to remediate storm damage <u>may be</u> exempt from permitting under the CWA if they involve returning sites to pre-disaster conditions (for example, replacing rip rap within areas that were previously stabilized with rip rap). In accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), any discharge of dredged or fill material that may result from any of the following activities is not prohibited by or otherwise subject to regulation under Section 404 of the CWA: "Maintenance, including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged parts, of currently serviceable

structures such as dikes, dams, levees, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation structures. Maintenance does not include any modification that changes the character, scope, or size of the original fill design. Emergency reconstruction must occur within a reasonable period of time after damage has occurred in order to qualify for this exemption." This exemption does not apply to activities located in the navigable WOTUS listed above, which may require authorization pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

- New impacts to WOTUS that are not Section 10 waters up to 3,000 square feet, <100 linear feet of rip rap, and upsizing and embedding culverts may be allowed under Self-Verification of the GPs (i.e., an application is not required). All terms and conditions of the GPs starting on page 36 must be followed. For waterway crossings pay particular attention to general conditions 26 and 31. We highly advise the public to document your records. Taking before/after photos and sketching existing/proposed conditions is highly recommended. Please note the before/after footprint of fill, document the length or rip rap/stabilization and the pre- and post- size of structures replaced.</p>
- Sediment and debris removal to restore sites to pre-flood conditions may not require a
 permit if there is no associated discharge of fill material and the work does not occur
 within Section 10 waters.
- Work to conduct repairs, rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized, currently serviceable dam may be authorized under General Permit #22. Please see page 34 of the GPs for further information
- For anything other than replacement in-kind and/or restoring pre-existing fills to pre-flood conditions, a permit will likely be required. In these cases, we advise the public to call or email USACE (contacts above) to determine whether an application is required.
- In cases where proposed work does not qualify for the exemption or a general permit, and the situation would result in an unacceptable hazard to life, a significant loss of property, or an immediate, unforeseen, and significant economic hardship if corrective action is not undertaken within a time period less than the normal time needed to process a permit application under standard procedures, the District can process an application for a permit under emergency procedures, as stated in 33 CFR 325.2(e)(4). The public should contact us if they feel the work qualifies for the emergency procedures.